

DEATH BENEFITS AS SEPARATE PROPERTY
(ADDENDUM TO BENEFICIARY DESIGNATION FORM)



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Policyholder's name	CPR No
The beneficiary designation applies to	<input type="checkbox"/> Policy number _____ <input type="checkbox"/> All my policy numbers with Danica Pension

We recommend that you read the guide on how to designate beneficiaries of your pension scheme before you complete and sign this form.

In continuation of my designation of death beneficiaries, I hereby decide that all of the death benefits payable to the following persons are to be separate property.

Name	Date of birth
Name	Date of birth
Name	Date of birth
Name	Date of birth

The death benefits must be categorised as the following type of separate property:

Separate property not subject to division between the spouses in the case of separation or divorce (skilsmisse-særeje)

If the beneficiary is separated or divorced, the benefits will remain the separate property of the beneficiary. The benefits are not subject to division.

If the beneficiary or the beneficiary's spouse dies during the marriage, the benefits become community property and are thus subject to division.

Fully separate property

If the beneficiary is separated, divorces or dies, or if the beneficiary's spouse dies, the benefits will be the separate property of the beneficiary and are thus not subject to division. The beneficiary's spouse cannot retain undivided possession of this part of the estate.

Separate property not subject to division in case of separation or divorce nor in respect of the estate of the surviving spouse (kombinationssæreje)

As a general rule, the benefits are the separate property of the beneficiary and are not subject to division in case of separation or divorce. If the beneficiary's spouse dies and is thus survived by the beneficiary, the benefits become the fully separate property of the beneficiary.

If the beneficiary is separated or divorces:

The benefits are the separate property of the beneficiary and are thus not subject to division.

If the beneficiary dies before his/her spouse:

The benefits become community property and are thus subject to division. The beneficiary's spouse can retain undivided possession of this part of the estate.

If the beneficiary survives his/her spouse:

The benefits are the separate property of the beneficiary and are thus not subject to division. The beneficiary can retain undivided possession of this part of the estate.

Note that we have included only the most commonly used types of separate property. More combinations exist. We recommend that you consult a lawyer for further advice.

Date _____ Policyholder's signature _____